CONTACT PUBLIC WORKS, 952-563-8750 FOR MORE INFORMATION ON THESE TOPICS.

HOME **ENERGY-EFFICIENT** HOME

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ENERGY AND MONEY SAVING IDEAS

AN AVERAGE U.S. HOUSEHOLD SPENDS ABOUT \$1,300 PER YEAR ON UTILITY BILLS.

SAVING ENERGY AT HOME DOESN'T require a major investment of money or even your time. The Minnesota Department of Commerce Energy's HouseWarming guide offers ideas that can save a typical homeowner at least \$100 to \$200 a year. Suggestions include:

HOME HEATING

Lower the thermostat by at least 5 degrees while

you're at work or

asleep, and save on your heating bill.

Close a bedroom door and heat register during the day, or close off an unused room entirely, and save about \$50 a year.

> Open shades to let in the sun's warmth – close them at night to keep heat inside.

Lock windows to tighten the seal and stop heat leaks.

WATER HEATING

Turn down the temperature setting on your water heater to 120 - 125 degrees to save energy and prevent scalding.

Fix a dripping hot water faucet that can cost more than \$35 a year. Usually it only needs a new washer.



APPLIANCES

Replace worn-out refrigerator door gaskets.

Save half the energy a dishwasher uses by not using the dry cycle.

Turn off or unplug appliances, especially while you're away.

For more information, call the Energy Information Center at 651-296-5175 or visit http://www.state.mn.us, keywords "energy saving ideas." The brochure will be available at the Bloomington Home Improvement Fair. See page 1.

GOT REMODELING PLANS?

If you're planning a remodeling project, consider increasing the energy efficiency of your home at minimal, additional cost. The Home Improvement Fair offers good ideas on remodeling and building projects. See page 1.

To save money and protect our environment, it makes sense to buy the most efficient appliances and to conserve energy. Every time you buy a

home appliance, tune up your furnace or replace a light bulb, you're making a decision that

affects the air we breath, the water we drink and the ground we walk.

Electricity is generated in a number of ways. Approximately 60 percent of the electricity in Minnesota comes from fossil fuels that can pollute the air and water. Every kilowatt-hour saved by switching to a more efficient appliance or light bulb reduces

pollution. Consider supporting renewable energy sources contact your utility company for more information. Take energy use into consideration when purchasing household products and follow these tips to make your home an energy-efficient one.



ANNETTE "THE ENERGY SAVER"

Taking steps to improve the environment may seem overwhelming. You may think that you don't have the time or the resources to make much of a difference - but one person can help. Throughout the year these pages will highlight individuals who are taking action to protect the earth. Their actions prove that as you save our natural resources you can also save money. Here's your neighbor in action.

"The Energy Saver"

A resident for 43 years, Annette was thinking about selling her home to move into a condominium. But before the 1953 three-bedroom rambler could be put on the market, the electricity needed to be upgraded. After the new electrical service was installed in January 2003, Annette decided that with a few more energy-efficient upgrades, she would prefer to stay in her home.

With the help of a deferred home improvement loan through Bloomington's Housing and Redevelopment Authority (see page 8), Annette installed a new heating system changing from oil to gas, attic insulation, vinyl siding, new windows and a new front door.

"There is a big difference in the new windows and the original 50-year-old windows," Annette said. "They don't steam or ice up, there are no drafts and they are easier to clean."

Her heating bills are lower too. Annette compared her August 2002 bills of \$84 per month to her August 2003 bills of \$45 per month after a new air conditioner and furnace were installed a savings of almost 50 percent.

Way to go, Annette!

ENERGY MYTHS UNCOVERED

ENERGY MYTH:

Using hot water to flush grease down drains prevents clogging.



Cold water helps solidify grease, preventing it from

sticking to pipes. Save hot water by using cold water to flush grease down drains and through garbage disposals.

ENERGY MYTH:

You need really hot water to sterilize dishes and clothes.



Even at the hottest setting on your water heater, dishes and

clothes are not sterilized.

ENERGY MYTH:

It's better to leave a light on instead of turning it off when you know you will be using it a short time later.



A bulb that is on for one second uses one second's worth of

electricity – no more, no less. This is true even for fluorescent bulbs – so turn lights off whenever they're serving no purpose.

> Source: Energy Myth and Facts from the Minnesota Department of Commerce

MORE ENERGY SAVING TIPS

CHECK YOUR HOME'S WINDOWS AND DOORS

WINDOWS AND DOORS OFTEN ACCOUNT for 35 to 40 percent of a home's heat loss in the winter and an even larger fraction of heat gain in the summer. When shopping for new windows, check the label for the U-factor. A 0.35 or less Ufactor and a solar heat gain coefficient of 0.55 or less is recommended. Weatherstrip and caulk around old windows and doors.

HEATING SYSTEM

A comfortable and healthy home requires an efficient, sound heating system. It is critical to recognize that the elements in your home are interrelated. Adding insulation, caulking, replacing windows or remodeling your kitchen can affect the efficiency and safe operation of flame-burning appliances. For example, adding a kitchen fan will alter the operation of a water heater and many furnaces.

When replacing your furnace, get the most energy efficient one. The

payback will be short and will save you hundreds of dollars on your fuel bill. An old furnace, even when it's running well, may extract only 60 percent of the available heat from the fuel. That means only 60 cents of your heating dollar is going into the house to heat; the rest is going out the chimney. In contrast, many new furnaces are so efficient that they waste less than a nickel of every dollar spent, and some as little as 25 percent of the electrical energy your standard furnace may consume.